
TÓM TẮT BẰNG TIẾNG ANH

Livelihoods of coastal households in the context of climate change and extreme weather events (Case study in Phu Dien commune, Phu Vang district, Thua Thien Hue province)

Huynh Thi Anh Phuong, Le Duc Ngoan, Nguyen Xuan Hong

Abstract: This paper aims at examining the difficulties and modifications of traditional livelihoods of local fishing households in Phu Dien coastal commune, Phu Vang district, Thua Thien Hue province in the context of climate change and severe natural hazards. We applied mixed qualitative and quantitative methods in data collection and analysis. The findings revealed that local climate variables and natural hazards have noticeably changed towards the severity and unpredictability, which negatively affects traditional fishing livelihoods of coastal households such as fishing, fish trading and fish-sauce making. In order to sustain livelihoods and ensure

household income, local households developed and implemented a wide range of modifications including flexible investment in traditional fishing and/or diversification toward non-fishing activities with a major focus on seasonal labor work. Although it was evident that local government provided some institutional supports to local fishing households, the paper suggests that local government needs to create a more supportive environment for local fishing households to sustainably and effectively cope with climate change.

Keywords: Fishing; Climate change; Coastal region; Livelihood strategies.

Gaston Bachelard's Conception of Primary Experience Obstacles

Phan Thanh Nham

Abstract: Gaston Bachelard (1884-1962) was one of France's most famous philosophers in the first half of the 20th century. Epistemology is an important aspect of Bachelard's colorful philosophical heritage and has profoundly influenced great thinkers like Georges Canguilhem, Michel Foucault, Pierre Bourdieu, and others. In his

epistemological writings, Bachelard has come up with novel ideas about new scientific development. He addressed important metaphysical subjects such as the philosophy of time and new concepts such as *phenomenotechnique* (*phénoménotechnique*), *Rhythmman* (*rhythmmanalyse*), the breaking of

epistemology (*rupture pressistémologique*) or *Obstacles to epistemology* (*obstacle épistémologique*). In this article, the author focuses on Gaston Bachelard's conception of primary experience obstacles, including (i.) his natural scientific premise of epistemology; (ii.) primary experience – an

obstacle to the formation of the scientific spirit; (iii.) the pedagogical consequences of primary experience obstacles; and (iv.) a few reviews.

Keywords: Gaston Bachelard; Obstacles; Primary experience.

Outlook on Education and Civilising in King Minh Menh's Thought on Country Ruling

Nguyen Minh Tuan

Abstract: Concepts of education and civilising are some of the main contents in the political and social doctrine and Minh Menh's thought of country ruling, which are expressed in many chapters of the work *Minh Mệnh Chính yếu* (Minh Mệnh's Principal Policies). Throughout these chapters, he expresses his views on

education and civilising as a combination of educating with morality, law, and punishment. This view contains many outstanding values that can be studied and passed on to today.

Keywords: Education; Civilising; Ethics; Law; Governance.

Legal Provisions on Sanctioning Administrative Violations in Land Issues in Accordance with Decree No.91/2019/ND-CP

Nguyen Thanh Phuong

Abstract: The sanctioning of administrative violations in land issues is an activity of competent agencies to apply coercive measures prescribed by law to individuals and organizations that commit violating acts. The article focuses on analyzing the progress and limitations in the sanctioning of administrative violations at

the time of the transition to Decree No.91/2019/ND-CP, which replaces Decree No.102/2014/ND-CP of the government, thereby making recommendations and proposals to improve the sanctioning mechanism in current land issues.

Keywords: Administrative sanctions; Land; Land state management.

Factors Affecting The Quality of The Sinh Village Wrestling Festival in Phu Mau, Phu Vang, Thua Thien Hue

Bach Thi Thu Ha, Truong Thi Thu Ha

Abstract: The quality of festivals is one of the important factors determining the attractiveness of a destination and tourists' intention to revisit the place, creating a premise for the local festival tourism activities to develop according to their potential. This study aims to evaluate the quality of the Sinh Village wrestling festival and determine the factors that influence the quality of festival through the survey of 150 guests attending the festival. The methods used in the study includes analysis of Cronbach's Alpha reliability, Exploratory Factor Analysis and

multiple regression analysis. The research results revealed that the quality of the festival is influenced by five factors: (i) facilities and amenities, (ii) environment, (iii) supplementary services, (iv) program, and (v) organizers and staff. Basing on the result, the authors propose a number of measures to improve the quality of the Sinh Village wrestling festival, which contributes to the development of folk festival tourism in the future.

Keywords: Festival quality; Folk festival; Sinh Village wrestling; Festival tourism.

Using Image Schemata to Teach Spatial Meanings of English Prepositions: Experimental Results and Vietnamese EFL Students' Opinions from a Pilot Study

Bui Phu Hung

Abstract: This quasi-experimental study aims to apply basic concepts in cognitive linguistics to teaching spatial meanings of English prepositions to Vietnamese students. Different from previous research, this study extended the application to teaching the ten prepositions *above*, *among*, *at*, *behind*, *beside*, *between*, *in*, *in front of*, *on*, and *under*, and investigated the students' opinions. The teacher used 3D image schemata, integrated picture-language models, and productive tasks after

instruction to investigate the effects of the pedagogical methods. Extraneous variables were also explored to measure the research validity and reliability. The results revealed that the experimental group outperformed the group who were taught in the traditional method. The students also expressed positive opinions about the methodology based on cognitive linguistics.

Keywords: Spatial meanings; English prepositions; Image schemata; Cognitive linguistics

Improving the Quality of Scientific Research: International Experience

Nguyen Anh Tuan, Truong Thi Hue

Abstract: In the context of the knowledge-based economy, scientific research is an important driving force for the development of a nation and the pillar of the higher education system. Scientific achievements affect every aspect of a country's social life. Therefore, many developed countries have had a large annual budget for scientific research activities, especially those in universities. The success of these countries leaves valuable lessons about the strategic role of investment in scientific research for developing countries.

This research will explain and evaluate the experiences of some countries that are leading the world in scientific research, including the US, China, Japan, India, and South Korea. The most important lessons learned from these countries will be transferred to Vietnam's case to improve the quality of scientific research at universities.

Keywords: Scientific research; Lecturers; Universities; International experience.