
TÓM TẮT BẰNG TIẾNG ANH

Factors Determining International Relations Structures

Hoang Khac Nam

Abstract: Structure has been a fact in the history of International Relations. However, the role and impact of an international structure are of more concern than how a structure is formed. The article is aimed at clarifying fundamental factors that determine a structure. This research is necessary since the changing factors are argued to result in the changing of structure.

The factors discussed in the article are international relation actors, interactions between these actors, the international system, as well as the distribution of power. These four factors are believed to interact and create impacts on the formation and movement of a structure.

Keywords: International Relations; Structure.

The Adjustment of China's Foreign Policy After the 19th National Congress and its Effect on Cambodia

Bui Nam Khanh

Abstract: The 19th National Congress of the Communist Party of China (19th National Congress) is China's most important political event, carefully prepared and successfully organized, with the potential of significantly influencing the status quo of the world. The 19th National Congress marks China's official entry into the new stage of socialism with Chinese characteristics - "the Xi Jinping era". With the establishment of a new path of development and external

relations, the 19th National Congress will have a lasting and profound impact on the regional and world affairs, particularly on political and security issues in the regional and global structure. The article analyzes the adjustment of China's foreign policy after the 19th National Congress and assesses its implications for Cambodia.

Keywords: China-Cambodia Relationship; Foreign Policy; Xi Jinping era; 19th National Congress

Developmental State: Concepts and Problems in Vietnam Today

Dinh Huu Cong

Abstract: The article aims to look into the developmental state in general, including concept, characteristics, higher generalization and ensuring a systematic approach when building a developmental state in the new context and trend of sustainable development. At the same time, the article analyzes and clarifies to prove how the state could create the environment, prerequisites, and conditions to effectively function in the role of constructing sustainable development in Vietnam. Especially, the state needs to fully construct the function of forming, influencing and

leading the socialist-oriented market economy in Vietnam effectively, in accordance with objective laws and leading signals of the market, depending on the field, nature, and level. A number of issues that are raised about building the developmental state for sustainable development in Vietnam today need to be studied both in theory and in practice.

Keywords: Constructing Sustainable Development; Development State in Sustainable Development; Constructing Sustainable Development.

Requirements, Mission, and Goals of Vietnam's Higher Education in the Context of International Integration and the Fourth Industrial Revolution

Pham Van Quyet

Abstract: The process of globalization, extensive global integration, and the fourth industrial revolution have great impacts on higher education, which directly takes part in the process and application of the achievements and takes responsibility for producing human resources with sufficient knowledge and skills to meet the demands globalization and scientific-technological revolution. By reviewing documents about the subject, this paper analyzed the effects of the process of global integration and

Industry 4.0 and their requirements for higher education. Based on the results, several suggestions to determine and clarify the mission and aims of higher education were proposed. These include receiving and applying successfully the achievements of the technological revolution and globalization to university administration and management; producing skilled and well-educated workforce to satisfy the human resources needs for global integration and technological advancement,

leading in scientific research, international publication, and community development; completing the policy system to create an environment of fair competition; increasing exchanging and learning from advanced universities in the world about

administration and scientific research, as well as how to build a 4.0 university.

Keywords: Mission and Goals of Higher Education; International Integration; Industrial Revolution 4.0.

On the Imperial Examination in WuJingzi's Novel *Rulin Waishi*

Le Thoi Tan

Abstract: Going beyond providing an exact description of the imperial examination based on eight-section essays, the author of *The Scholars* refuted the use of that examination as a tool for enslaving the whole social stratum, leading to the decline of human personality and the failure of the whole culture. The imperial examination has become “a hyphen” between orthodox ideology and imperial power. This article

focuses on demonstrating how the author of *Ru lin Wai shi* can simply and accurately describe the unequal relationship between Orthodox Ideology and Imperial Power, as well as the tragedy of scholars who fall into the predicament of exams and fall into these relationships.

Keywords: Examination Based on Eight-section Essays; *The Scholars*; Scholars; Orthodox Ideology, Imperial Power.

Kobo Abe's Work and the Search for Identity in the Context of Crisis in Post-war Japan

Tran Thi Thuc

Abstract: Japan suffered a heavy defeat in the Second World War when the US threw two atomic bombs onto Hiroshima and Nagasaki in 1945. Despite the rapid development in economics several decades later, Japan still fell into a serious crisis, in which the identity crisis has become one of the core issues of the time. Writer Abe Kobo

(安部 公房, 1924-1993) mentioned loneliness, corruption, and loss of identity of post-war individuals when the Japanese society experienced complex development alongside industrialization and modernization. His work reflects the loss of identity of humans in modern society and the risk of losing one's identity. Abe Kobo's

character is always in a state of losing his roots, deprived of his freedom and forced to find his lost identity, but never found it. To continue to exist, he must constantly work and be creative. However, it can be

considered a positive factor in the writer's mind when he lets his characters always look for the meaning of existence.

Keywords: Japanese Literature; Post-war Japan; Abe Kobo; Identity Crisis.

Comparison of Tourists at Two World Heritage Sites in Vietnam

Nguyen Ky Nam

Abstract: Heritage, especially with World Heritage status, is increasingly becoming the main attraction of many tourist destinations. Heritage tourism is also a major tourism product in Vietnam. Hitherto, there are almost no official statistics and research pertaining to heritage tourism as well as heritage tourists in Thang Long Imperial Citadel and Ho Citadel, two out of the seven World Heritage Sites in Vietnam.

Therefore, this study aims to provide comparative data on tourist characteristics and identify the types of heritage tourists at the two heritage sites mentioned above. Similarities, as well as differences, are highlighted thanks to the application of McKercher's model of heritage tourists (2002).

Keywords: Cultural Heritage; Heritage Tourist; Tourist Classification; Thang Long Imperial Citadel; Ho Citadel.

An Analysis of the Mass Media Stereotypes of High School Gifted Students and their Impact (Case study: Students of Hanoi - Amsterdam High School for the Gifted)

Vu Hoang Long

Abstract: In this research, the stereotypes of high school gifted students on the mass media will be clarified. From the results of recognizing prominent stereotypes, the relationship between these media patterns and the way students expose themselves on social networks will be

analyzed. Students' real-life practices under the impact of media intensities will also be the object of this research. By using three major methods: content analysis, textual analysis, and ethnography, as well as approaching research subjects through the framework of Roland Barthes's semiology

and Stuart Hall's encoding/decoding theory, the author will anatomize the everyday experience of gifted students and, furthermore, the life of Vietnamese youth under the pressure of post-reform media environment.

Through this research, the author provides different perspectives on popular

topics such as the youth's education or social inequality arisen from prejudices on the modern media landscape.

Keywords: Stereotype; Media; Social Network; High School Gifted Students; Vietnamese Youth.

Is There Gender Symmetry or Asymmetry in Spousal Violence? - Theoretical Debate and Overview of Research

Dinh Phuong Linh

Abstract: It has always been controversial whether there is gender symmetry or asymmetry in spousal violence among scholars. While feminist theorists believe that patriarchal ideology is the cause of all oppression against women and that they are always the victim of spousal violence, those who favor the gender symmetry approach believe that men and women can be equally vulnerable to spousal violence. And although results from most research of the field seem to support the

ideas of feminism, debates about theory and methodology by gender symmetry scholars are still worth considering. This article presents gender symmetry and asymmetry approaches in studying spousal violence along with a literature review of both approaches and, therefore, gives a thorough overview of the most significant debate in spousal violence research.

Keywords: Gender Symmetry; Gender Asymmetry; Feminism; Patriarchy; Spousal violence.