

TÓM TẮT BẰNG TIẾNG ANH

Essay on the Statue of a Thousand Hands and a Thousand Eyes Avalokitesvara Bodhisattva at Lien Tri Pagoda

Nguyen Huu Manh

Abstract: The Guimet National Museum of Asian Arts, known as the Guimet Museum, at No.6 Place d'Iéna, No. 16 district, Paris, France is dedicated to Asian art.. It has an exhibition area of 5.500 square meters and has a collection of more than 50.000 artifacts. There are currently more than 500 exhibits originating from sites and monuments in Vietnam. Among the Vietnamese artifacts on display, the Thousand Hands and Thousand Eyes Avalokitesvara Bodhisattva statue has an air of mystery which attracts the attention of tourists. The statue has also received much

attention and sparked lively discussions in international and domestic forums. This article traces the history of research on the statue step by step, and analyses the Buddhist characteristics of the statue's iconography. This paper also explains the origin, dating, and outstanding sculptural value of this unique statue in the history of Vietnamese Buddhist art.

Keywords: Thousand Hands and Thousand Eyes Avalokitesvara Bodhisattva; Lien Tri pagoda; Bao An pagoda; Guimet Museum; Buddhism.

Perception on Education and Educational Experiences of Cham Muslims in Vietnam: An Exploratory Study in a Community in the Mekong Delta

Mai Thi Kim Khanh

Abstract: Among the ethnic minorities in Vietnam, the Cham Muslims are a distinctive community in both ethnic and religious terms. While the proportion of Cham Muslims in upper educational institutions remains small, many others have actively engaged in transnational religious

educational activities. Employing qualitative methods, the article discusses an exploratory study which constrasts domestic and international educational activities of the Cham Muslim community in Vietnam. Research findings showed that prioritizing religious education, assessing the

practicality of earning a formal degree and cultural differences have shaped Cham Muslims' perceptions of education. In terms of higher educational experiences, it was found that Cham Muslims face multi-dimensional challenges in a non-Islamic environment regarding their daily religious practices. Conversely, higher education environment in an Islamic country, albeit

with cultural and ethnic differences, brings a higher sense of belonging. Based on the findings, the article proposes recommendations to enhance the presence of members of this community in Vietnamese higher education institutions.

Keywords: Cham Muslims; higher education; perception; experiences; Muslim community.

Obstacles and Hazards for Ethnic Minority Migrant Employees in Textile and Electronic Assembly Industrial Areas in Northern Vietnam

Nguyen Truong Giang

Abstract: The development of industrial areas in provinces and cities such as Thai Nguyen, Bac Ninh, Bac Giang, Vinh Phuc, etc. has attracted large numbers ethnic minority workers. This research is focussed on the industrial areas of Thai Nguyen and Bac Ninh in Northern Vietnam currently the most popular destinations for these workers. The study explored the difficulties of ethnic minority migrant employees working in textile and assembling electronic devices, and compares their experiences with those in their hometowns. Findings showed they faced various obstacles and hazards, including the discrimination from the ethnic majority within the industrial working environment. In addition, ethnic minority migrant workers had both physical health

and mental health issues, encountering difficulties in accessing public services and childcare services. Other concerns have emerged such as the challenging relationships between workers in the industrial areas and their family back in their homeland, making enough money to send to their family, and meeting their parental responsibilities towards their children. Such hardships indicate that migrant employees of ethnic minorities are a marginalized group which require state intervention policies and support for integration and protection of their legitimate rights in workplaces in industrial areas.

Keywords: Ethnic minority migrant employees; obstacles; textile; electronic assembly industries.

A Study on Domestic Violence in Vietnamese – Korean Families from Gender and Policy Perspectives

Nguyen Thi Phuong Thao

Abstract: Domestic violence in multicultural families is prevalent in Korea. Previous studies have identified language and cultural conflicts, or personality differences as the main causes. By contrast this research has analysed domestic violence among Vietnamese - Korean families from gender and policy perspectives utilizing a document analysis approach. Specifically, the paper analyzes disadvantageous factors for married immigrant women in a patriarchal society and related policies in

Korea, and then proposes policy recommendations to build effective intervention methods preventing domestic violence among multicultural families in general and Vietnamese – Korean families in particular. The study has contributed to a new research direction for scholars interested in gender and domestic violence.

Keywords: Domestic violence; Vietnamese - Korean families; gender perspective; policy systems.

Towards Effective Teaching and Learning of English for Specific Purposes in Multi-Level Classes at the University of Labor and Social Affairs: Student Perceptions, Obstacles and Solutions

Trinh Thi Thuy

Abstract: This study evaluated students' interest in English for specific purposes (ESP) and the obstacles in effective learning based on Richards' Communicative Language teaching theory (2006) and the principles of language teaching and learning. The research used both qualitative (interviews and discussions) and quantitative (survey) methods. The research team used a 4-level Likert Scale survey to collect information from 45 undergraduate? students. The results showed that although

the majority of students are interested in ESP, factors such as reluctance to practice, lack of appropriate facilities and class sizes affect the teaching and learning process. The article concludes with recommendations that stakeholders concerned with teaching and learning contribute to addressing these challenges.

Keywords: ESP; Challenges; impediment; Communicative Language Teaching; multi-level classes.

Postmodern Features in Orhan Pamuk's *A Strangeness in My Mind* Novel

Pham Tuan Anh

Abstract: This research focused on exploring postmodern features in the novel *A Strangeness in My Mind* in aspects such as postmodern perceptions of reality and humanity, decentered narrative subjectivity, and intertextual techniques. The research results revealed that Orhan Pamuk's work opened up various issues related to the history and culture of Turkey, and engaged readers in a dialogue about various aspects of modern life. Pamuk's work reconstructed a chaotic and fragmented world; humans

existing in this world become estranged, lost, and with an uncertain perception. Pamuk effectively utilized decentered narrative subjectivity and intertextual techniques to expand the dimensions of reality, increasing openness and continuously generating meaning for the text.

Keywords: Postmodern sensibility; non-centralized; intertextuality; *A Strangeness in My Mind*; Orhan Pamuk.

The Development of Modern Logistics in China under the Impact of Digital Transformation

Nguyen Mai Duc

Abstract China's economy has changed dramatically under the impact of digital transformation. Concepts such as informationization, technologization, or automation are mentioned frequently in all economic sectors in China. In the service industry, one of China's leaders in digital transformation activities, the logistics sector has emerged with a strategic role in connecting economic sectors. Heavy investment in modern logistics, such as digital logistics and smart logistics, has had a positive impact on the development of the entire Chinese logistics industry and the

country's supply chain. Through synthesizing data and assessments from research and reports related to China's current logistics development situation, this article summarizes the formation and development of modern digital logistics activities under the impact of digital transformation in China. In addition, the article also uses SWOT - PEST analysis to analyze internal and external factors affecting the development strategy of this country's modern logistics industry.

Keywords: Modern Logistics; digital transformation; China; SWOT – PEST.